Spring 2023: USA & Rome, Florence, and Venice, Italy

HUM 301 ★ Italy and the Western Humanities



6 Credits (to fulfill HUM 203 & 303)

Professor:

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Note: An electronic version of this syllabus is posted on our course's eLearning site.

Our Purpose

On campus during the regular semester and then in Italy in May we will explore the subject of the Western Humanities in the Italian context. This course will help you appreciate and better understand the emergence of the culture in which you will be living for a short time.

We will be privileged to think, read, write, and talk about human culture, especially as it can be found in the Italian context. Not only will we read about the great Roman emperors, but we will also walk where they walked; we will explore ideas about beauty and we will see it and feel it and taste it in this most amazing place. Our endeavor will be one of using all our senses to experience wonder, beauty, and deep intellectual delight.

You are invited to explore western culture as expressed in the literary and visual arts from its origins in Judeo-Christian and Greco-Roman traditions through the twentieth century. We will place particular emphasis on the study of ancient Rome, the development of Christianity in Western Europe, the Renaissance and Baroque eras, and on the Italian context. Quite literally, you are invited to strap on your walking shoes and explore!

If you take advantage of the opportunities afforded you this semester, you will **gain knowledge**. You will learn about Western culture from the time of Caesar Augustus to Mussolini. You'll be able

to name and describe the major periods of cultural, philosophical, and historical development. You'll be able to use that knowledge to credibly engage in debate about questions such as: What is beauty? What causes cultural change? Why should I care about Virgil or Bernini?

Throughout the semester, you will be invited to **grow in discernment** as you consider the spiritual complexities and consequences of the values shaping Western culture now and in the past.

As you develop a usable understanding and appreciation of the Western cultural heritage you will study the basic liberal arts subjects of literature, visual art, music, philosophy, and history. But shouldn't we ask ourselves: Why make something beautiful? Why contemplate historical change and work for a better future? If people are hungry now, what good is a poem . . . or a historian? Who needs the work of Michelangelo?

As we learn together this semester, you will find yourself engaged intellectually in what we read and experience and in what we say to one another in the classroom, but, more so, as we travel to Italy you will see that our "classroom" extends far and wide. Ultimately, ours is a classroom without walls.

Disclaimer: This course does not attempt to address all aspects of Italian (or Western) history and culture. The instructor has selected topics, readings, historical events, elements of culture, and people that he believes will foster a meaningful understanding of Italy in the context of the liberal arts, and best take advantage of our setting while in Italy and all of our time together from January through May.

The Purpose of the Humanities in Geneva College's Core Curriculum

The Humanities program seeks to nurture within students a deepening understanding of their identity first as humans created in God's image and, more particularly, as members of a civilization whose reach extends well beyond its geographical boundaries. By offering courses that range throughout the history of Western Civilization as well as the world beyond the West, the three-course sequence enables students to gain a deeper understanding of human experience through the study of ideas, the arts, literature, and the movement of history itself. We seek to pursue this educational encounter within a communal setting, one in which the professor and students together reflect upon and respond to the materials under consideration.

As you complete the course of study in the Humanities at Geneva, here's what you will learn and be able to do:

- Develop a conscious recognition of the Western cultural tradition through the interdisciplinary study of visual art, literature, history, and music
- Engage in arts-related activities, including the practices of critical listening, reading, and viewing
- Hone the critical skills that promote the development of a Christian mind

More specifically, at the conclusion of this course, students will be able to:

- articulate a Christian worldview and identify and analyze elements of a Christian worldview in historical sources, literature, visual art, and architecture.
- write analytical pieces that reflect thoughtful engagement with printed materials, visual art, architecture, and music.
- express clearly, in writing and orally, the cultural importance and significance of works of
 art and historical sights and connect their analysis with concepts learned in class. In his
 book entitled, *The Idea of a Christian College*, Arthur F. Holmes argues, "Writing is
 prerequisite to exactness of thought and expression" (p. 31, revised edition, Eerdmans,
 1975)—and this professor believes that he's absolutely correct.
- use books, online sources, journal articles, and other printed and electronic resources to analyze works of art and architecture and explain their technical and cultural significance for a public audience.
- use the Italian language at a basic level.

Connections to the Geneva College Core Education at Geneva College is firmly rooted in its Mission and Doctrinal Statements and the Foundational Concepts of Christian Education. Relying on these statements as the appropriate points of departure, and acknowledging that our central interest is to understand the implications of a Christian worldview for all that we do, this course addresses the following aspects of the Core curriculum:

Humanity: Humanity courses explore the purpose of human life which is to glorify and enjoy God as humans in *Coram Deo*. This requires a knowledge of self in light of one's knowledge of God, building upon the Christian intellectual tradition. As such, humanities courses celebrate texts, words, poetry, art, and music as expressions of the creativity of humanness. The object of study of "Humanity" is that which is distinctively human, exploring deeply and reverentially the beauty and brokenness of human endeavor.

Cultural Engagement: Cultural engagement courses build on the other Core areas to prepare students to engage in prudent care and responsible participation in culture and civic life. In keeping with the love of Christ and growth in wisdom, students develop an informed, thoughtful, caring, understanding of and approach to culture in our era and place, as well as to cultures and subcultures other than our own. This involves affirming the goodness and fallenness of culture, discerning its need and seeking its blessing in justice and shalom. Students grasp the significance of shaping ideas and events (both past and current) as they bear on our time and place.

Worldview Questions ("The Big Questions") The following worldview questions are a primary means through which we will approach this course's curriculum:

What does it mean to be human?

- What is the nature, task, and purpose of human beings?
- What is the human experience?
- Who am I?

How do we view nature?

- What is nature?
- What significance does nature have?
- What are we supposed to do with it?

❖ What is the good life?

- What is "the way things ought to be"?
- How should and do people live together in community?
- Why aren't things the way they should be?
- What is the problem?
- What is the solution?

What is the zeitgeist, the spirit of the times?

- What is the name of the ideas or philosophic characteristics of a certain time period? (For example: Classical, Renaissance, Reformation, Enlightenment, Romantic, postmodern)
- What emphases, styles, people, inventions, slogans, and events especially convey the feel of the times, and what do they express about it?

What Will You Do in This Course?

Here are the things you will work toward individually and with your peers:

Listen to Lectures Posted Online Narrated PowerPoint lectures are designed to lay the foundation for our weekly discussions as well as our time in Italy. They will be posted on our class' eLearning course page (accessible through the "Resources" link) by mid-week prior to the discussion week to which the content applies. Each week's lecture is anywhere from an hour to two hours in length and the longer lectures are often broken into parts to make them more easily digestible. Students are expected to complete the lectures prior to coming to class at the beginning of each new week, as indicated in the syllabus. You should take notes as if you were sitting in class listening to a lecture. Weekly quizzes related to the content of each lecture will be administered in class on the first day of each week in order to hold you accountable for the content of the lectures and check your understanding of the material.

Reflection Papers To demonstrate your understanding of *The Aeneid* (due 11 February), *Inferno* (due 18 March), and *The Sunflower* (due 20 April), you will write an essay about each. These three-page papers will focus on worldview analysis. The professor will assign a specific worldview question to be addressed for each essay.

What is a worldview? According to James H. Olthuis, "A worldview (or vision of life) is . . . a framework or set of fundamental beliefs through which we view the world and our calling and future in it." The Humanities 301 Worldview Questions get at these fundamental, deeply intertwined commitments (refer to the Worldview Questions section above).

Analyze the book as a cultural artifact that you explore to discern key worldview features. You should write a paper in which you offer a thesis (position) statement concerning the book's worldview based on the worldview question assigned by the professor and supply reasoned support by citing specific passages and offering an analysis/interpretation of the passages you cite. As you write your papers, keep in mind the following important principles:

- Your papers should demonstrate that you have listened deeply and respectfully to the texts, with a view to your own enjoyment, wisdom, and personal growth.
- These papers are not book reports. A synopsis of the book should be brief, if one is
 included at all. As you write your papers, craft them in such a way that assumes that
 the professor will have read the text (he has—and he will read it again this semester).
 Providing a general summary of the book is unnecessary. Analysis should be your
 focus.

Digital Art Gallery You and a small group of your peers (you choose the group) will be engaged in the process of publishing, in blog format, an online "exhibit" based on a visual art or architectural theme/subject. Your adventure for the semester will be to identify works of <u>Italian</u> art that utilize your subject/theme. You should consult art books on reserve in the library, museum websites, church and historic sight websites, and other helpful resources. In effect, you will be publishing a Digital Art Gallery. This is a semester-long project designed to help you learn about Italian culture and the Humanities. It will be a major integrated component threading itself through all our work during the semester and its components will have various due dates (refer to the Course Schedule for due dates).

Below are some suggestions for projects. You can devise your own, but need to run your ideas by Dr. Cole for approval:

- Italian Baptisteries
- Monuments in Italy
- Architecture of the Counter Reformation
- Outdoor Statues in Rome (or in Italy)
- Important Tombs in Italy (or Rome or Florence, etc.)
- The Fountains of Rome
- Vegetation in art (meaning/symbolism; could focus on flowers or trees a specific type of flower/tree, such as the lily or palm tree; fruit)
- The Crucifixion in Art
- The Nativity in Art
- The Annunciation in Art
- Representations of Jesus in Art (narrow down: Jesus as a child, Jesus as Savior, etc.)
- Representations of the Holy Family in Art (Jesus, Mary, Joseph)
- Jesus and John the Baptist in Art
- Angels or Demons in Art

- Women in Art
- Numbers in Art or Numbers in Architecture (how used/significance of various numbers)
- Animals in Art (use and significance; could choose a specific animal, such as horses, birds, etc.)
- People of Power in Art
- Mythical Stories in Art
- History in Art
- The Ideal Female/Male in Art
- Violence in Art
- Specific architectural elements (for example: Ancient temples)

The catalog must include the following components:

- 1) Nine entries describing and commenting upon nine different works that you have identified through your research (provide thorough commentary and descriptions). The length of each entry is not prescribed, but each should address the piece fully, providing both descriptive commentary and analysis. Include bibliographic references at the end of each entry.
- 2) Images of works. Show the entire work and also use close-up views if you reference particular sections or elements of a work.
- 3) Each entry must be accompanied by accurate art/architectural historical catalogue information (title and date of work, medium, artist/architect, dates of artist/architect's life, location of the work).
- 4) The project must contain an informative overview that introduces (explains) the topic, addresses the topic's significance, and, in general, informs the reader about the topic. You may also introduce your group members in this section, if you wish.

Presentations At the end of the semester, you and your Digital Gallery project group members will give a formal presentation on your subject/theme. This is to be a well-prepared presentation (in other words, plan and practice). Be sure to look up or ask about the pronunciation of names and terms in advance. Your group will be evaluated on clarity of your presentation, professionalism in your presentation, and your knowledge of the subject matter. (For details, refer to the rubric for this project at the end of the syllabus.) Part of this component of the assignment is the preparation of a PowerPoint presentation (or similar tool) that will help communicate your project to the class. You should be prepared to respond to questions from the professor and class. Plan your presentation

for a minimum of 18 minutes and a maximum of 20 minutes. You should not plan to use your website to show your pictures or text as that can be confusing.

Sources & Citations: Students should strive to investigate all sources available. Groups are <u>required</u> to use printed materials for the <u>majority</u> of their sources. Books, art textbooks, scholarly websites, and journal articles should comprise the bulk of each group's source material. For your reference, many art history and other useful texts have been placed on reserve at the circulation in McCartney Library. These are listed on eLearning under Handouts in a document entitled, "HUM 301 Supplementary Resources on Reserve in McCartney Library." Remember that resources can be secured through interlibrary loan as well. Be sure to use in-text citations to demonstrate where your information originated. The format (APA, MLA, etc.) does not matter, but choose one and use it consistently throughout your blog.

Samples: Here are links to a few blogs from past semesters that earned at least a B:

http://ceilingsineurope.weebly.com/about.html (2014)

https://crucifixiondepictions.wordpress.com (2014)

https://godsandgoddessesinitalianart.weebly.com/ (2019)

https://animalsofitalian.art.blog/ (2019)

https://italianarches.wordpress.com/ (2019)

Two of the above examples come from 2014 and three from 2019, so they look different from one another. This is because the assignment changed slightly in 2019. Please follow the instructions above and ask Dr. Cole for clarification if you have questions.

Evaluation: In addition to grammar and structure, the blog will be evaluated on its esthetic quality, the depth of information presented, and the accuracy of information supplied. In addition, as noted above, students will be evaluated on the quality of their presentation. Refer to the rubric for this project at the end of the syllabus.

Due Dates: Components of the project will be due throughout the semester as follows:

- 10 February (by 12:10 p.m.): Email Dr. Cole with your initial idea(s) (two to three sentences) and group list.
- 17 March (during class): individual group meetings with Dr. Cole for project updates
- 25 March (by 11:59 p.m.): Have blog set up, post introductory page, and post 3 entries
- 1 April (by 11:59 p.m.): Complete 3 additional entries.
- 25 April (by 11:59 p.m.): Post the final 3 entries.
- 4 May (10:30 a.m. 12:20 p.m.): Presentations

Docent Assignment Each student will prepare to be the class' guide for an architectural sight and work(s) of art while we are in Italy. These have been pre-assigned. Refer to the end of the syllabus for the assignments and schedule. Each student will research the cultural artifact(s) thoroughly and prepare to lead the group's learning experience on site in Italy. Your preparation should be so extensive and rehearsed as to allow you to use minimal notes while presenting. An essay that will serve as the basis of your presentation and reflect your research is due on Turnitin by 11:59 p.m. on 6 April. The activity grade will be based upon the depth of knowledge and research you exhibit in writing and during the presentation, the overall quality of the presentation, and the quality of the essay. (Refer to the rubric at the end of the syllabus for specific criteria.) Students are encouraged to use books (many are on reserve in McCartney Library), web resources (with helpful pictures, diagrams, and maps), travel guides, maps, and any other materials that will help you gain the knowledge needed to present a thorough explanation to your peers. You should anticipate questions the group might have and research the answers. Students are also encouraged to make connections with course content. Be sure to use proper citation (the style is up to you) for all sources employed in your essay.

Hints for an even better presentation:

- Prepare photos or diagrams for the iPad/tablet that might be useful during your presentation. There will be an iPad available if you don't have one.
- Practice your presentation.

Readings The weekly Course Schedule that follows this section details all the readings you will complete this semester as you set your learning goals. Reading faithfully and critically is necessary so that the group can thrive in a community of intellectually engaged companions. Some of the readings are intended to help you gain background information for lectures while others are designed to provide information that will enable you to participate critically and intelligently during discussion sessions. These assigned readings, as well as others you choose to read on your own, will also help you develop well-informed ideas in your papers and projects. Referencing readings in class will help you to demonstrate your learning and your desire for excellence. Other readings are the primary texts that are the major focus of some discussions.

Online Readings/Digital Media Some course materials are posted online. These are presented as hyperlinks in the Course Schedule section of this syllabus. To access hyperlinked materials, you may click on the underlined text in the electronic syllabus or locate the link on the course's eLearning site through the "Bookmarks" link on the left of the course home page.

Quizzes You will complete quizzes based on material from lectures and assigned readings approximately twice a week. These will help you assess the progress you are making in your learning as well as allow the professor to hold you accountable for completing the readings, gauge your understanding of them, and hold you accountable for your attention during recorded lectures. These quizzes will consist of objective, identification, and short answer components.

Usually, the first quiz each week covers the content of the week's lecture readings while the second quiz covers the content of the week's lecture and readings assigned for discussion days.

Journaling The instructor will often ask you to complete a journal entry for some digital media presentations during the regular semester as well as sights that we visit while in Italy. These entries may begin with a brief personal reaction, but they must reflect serious, intellectual engagement with significant issues raised by the digital media piece or our site visit. Sometimes you will be given a specific assignment for the reflections. The reflections are intended primarily to help you generate meaningful responses.

You are encouraged to creatively develop these reflections as a souvenir of your time in Italy and to personalize your journal with photos, sketches, ticket stubs, etc. Sketching is especially recommended, even if you are not at all confident of your ability to draw, because sketching can direct your eye to details that you might otherwise overlook. The professor will collect and review your journal at the end of the trip to Italy. He will evaluate the journal entries based on content, not design. Refer to the rubric at the end of the syllabus for evaluation criteria.

The professor will maintain a list of journal entry assignments on eLearning (under the "Announcements" tab) so that students can be sure they have completed all the required entries. Students should number each entry to correspond with the assignments posted.

Language On a regular basis in class, you will learn and practice Italian words and phrases in order to prepare you to speak the language on a basic level when we arrive in Italy. Each week, the professor will introduce new words and phrases little by little and review what you've already learned.

In addition to the in-classroom component, everyone will also learn through a Duolingo account (free and without ads). To sign up for our class, go to www.duolingo.com/classroom/fuyzkd. If you're asked for our Classroom Code, it's: fuyzkd. Once you create a password and login, you can complete an assessment of your Italian language level or tell Duolingo that you don't know any Italian. Please be sure to complete this step so you start the program at the correct level.

There will be challenges (assignments) each week and XP (Experience Points) to earn. By the end of the semester, there will be a total of about 1,000 XP and the amount you earn will be figured as part of your grade, up to a maximum of 100 (your total will be divided by 10). You'll be able to see the class Leaderboard and measure your progress against that of others in the class.

Attendance Attendance at all class sessions and field trips is expected. If you must miss a class or field trip because of illness (the only excused absence for a field trip), let the professor know as soon as possible, and preferably before class or the field trip begins. Penalties for unexcused absences, tardiness, and off-task behavior (mobile phone use or not using your audio guide, for example) are as follows: 5 points deducted from your final participation and attendance grade for each occurrence. Further penalties might be applied at the instructor's discretion in extreme cases.

Participation Active participation is vital to the success of most college courses, but that is especially true of this course because discussion is our main activity together. This portion of the

student's grade is designed to allow the professor flexibility at the end of the semester to assess the quality of each student's participation. Of course, it is necessary for students to listen to lectures, attend discussion meetings, participate in field trips, and complete assignments in order to participate effectively (see Attendance section above). Effective participation includes, but is not limited to, making comments relevant to the subject matter, asking thought-provoking questions, raising issues for discussion that solicit meaningful commentary from other students, and participating effectively in group work. Putting forth earnest efforts to engage your peers and playing an integral role in discussions adds to the course's value for everyone. The professor reserves the right to ask you not to come to class or to require you to leave if you have not completed readings for a class session.

The following rubric details the factors that the instructor will take into consideration when assessing students' participation:

In A-level participation, the student:

Actively supports, engages, and listens to peers

Arrives fully prepared at every session

Plays an active role in discussions

Makes comments that advance the level and depth of the dialogue

Takes risks in discussion

Makes connections across the curriculum

Helps engender discussion

Group dynamic and level of discussion are often better because of the student's presence

In B-level participation, the student:

Makes a sincere effort to interact with peers

Arrives mostly, if not fully, prepared

Participates constructively in discussions

Makes relevant comments based on the assigned material

Takes risks in discussion

Makes connections across the curriculum

Helps engender discussion

• Group dynamic and level of discussion are occasionally better (never worse) because of the student's presence.

In C-level participation, the student:

Exhibits limited interaction with peers

Sometimes is prepared for class

Exhibits preparation and levels of participation that are inconsistent

When prepared, participates constructively in discussions and makes relevant comments based on the assigned material

Group dynamic and level of discussion are not affected by the student's presence

In D-level participation, the student:

Rarely interacts with peers and is rarely prepared

Rarely participates; often must be prompted by the professor to participate Makes comments that are vague or drawn from outside of the assigned material Demonstrates a noticeable lack of interest

• Group dynamic and level of discussion are harmed by the student's presence

<u>In F-level participation, the student:</u>

Exhibits little or no interaction with peers

Is never prepared

Never participates

Demonstrates a noticeable lack of interest

Group dynamic and level of discussion are significantly harmed by the student's presence

How Will Your Learning Be Evaluated?

Your final grade is determined based on the quality of your performance on the above course components because it is assumed that the quality of your performance on each assignment demonstrates whether you are learning what the course sets out for you; in other words, you earn your grade based on how you demonstrate what you are learning. Your grades will be weighted as follows:

Reflection Papers (Aeneid, Inferno, Sunflower; 11% each)	33%
Digital Gallery Project (content, design, presentation, etc.)	13%
Docent Essay & Presentation (13% essay; 4% presentation)	17%
Quizzes	20%
Italian Language Learning (Duolingo)	5%
Journal	6%
Participation & Attendance	6%

Because the work for this course will take place in the US as well as in Italy, students will receive as IP (In Progress) grade at the end of the spring semester. Grades will be reported to the Registrar's Office after we return from Italy and according to the following scale:

Evaluation of Written Work In this course you are entering into many important texts (written, painted, sculpted, constructed, digitally recorded), and your task is to try first to understand them, and then to make judgments about them. As you do these two things (grapple with texts and

then make judgments about them) you will find that your thinking about yourself and your world is growing deeper. Each of your submissions should have a clear thesis which you support throughout the document with appropriate evidence. Your essays should also be grammatically sound, reflect original thought, and demonstrate good command of the subject matter. *Never submit a first draft*. Write your paper, put it away, reread it, and revise it to produce the final, polished version. This practice will help you notice errors in analysis, structure, and grammar you otherwise might have missed. It will also help you develop the discipline to improve your writing. The instructor will evaluate all written work according to the following general standards:

A An A paper has a solid introduction and conclusion, a clear thesis, is consistently supported or illustrated with appropriate evidence (but does not inundate the reader with facts), and is logically organized and presented. In general, the piece reflects original thought, demonstrates good command of the subject matter, and is grammatically sound. Please note that A does not stand for "Average," but is earned for outstanding work.

B A B essay demonstrates substantive content and good command of the subject matter. It is generally well written and grammatically sound. The thesis of a B paper may not be as well-developed as an A essay, but it is apparent. The piece contains some original ideas and displays an apparent effort to wrestle with difficult issues, but the piece is not written as effectively as an A paper.

C A C essay demonstrates the author's basic understanding of the assigned topic and the facts associated with it but may lack a clearly developed thesis. Connections between the thesis and specific evidence are not fully elaborated. The essay contains ideas with some potential and merit, but which are undeveloped. The piece reflects fact-cramming rather than critical thinking, and contains very few original ideas and some grammatical problems. Remember that C, not A, is average.

D A *D* essay contains some *very basic* facts and evidence and some potentially interesting ideas which are nearly completely undeveloped. The piece contains scanty evidence, unconnected ideas, and obvious and distracting grammatical and/or factual errors.

F An F essay is undeveloped, contains factual errors and misconceptions, lacks organization, thought, or connection among ideas. It is often disorganized and general.

Student Grievances A student who is dissatisfied with the grade earned for a course component, interactions with a course instructor, or the course itself should take their grievance to the instructor. If the student is not satisfied with the instructor's response, they should contact the provost (Dr. Melinda Stephens, mstephen@geneva.edu). The decision of the provost in such matters is final. At each level, the student should expect to receive an explanation in writing. Such grievances must be initiated within 30 days of receiving the grade and should be documented in writing.

Special Note: COVID-19 If the pandemic forces an alteration in the conduct of this class, the professor plans to continue to follow this syllabus. Students will receive ample notice of any changes. Students should check for updates in the "Announcements" section of the course's eLearning site. Please note that all due dates and times follow Eastern Standard Time (EST). If we need to move to fully remote instruction, be sure to submit your work by the EST deadline noted in the syllabus (or Daylight Savings Time, beginning March 12). If you are quarantined or in isolation, please let the professor know as soon as possible. The professor will do his best to include students in quarantine or isolation in the live class session. Students joining remotely are required to have their camera on for the entire class session.

Students should not physically attend class if they have a fever at or above 100.4°F or other <u>new</u> COVID-19-related symptoms (chills, cough, difficulty breathing, sore throat, headache, muscle or body aches, new loss of taste or smell, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, diarrhea).

If you have questions about the procedures necessitated by COVID-19, do not hesitate to contact Dr. Cole.

General Course Information

Course Materials

Required Texts. The following books should be purchased by students in the editions and translations listed. Alternative translations and editions are not advised. Quizzes and reading assignments will be based on the editions and translations listed below.

Cronin, Vincent. Italy: A History. Rockville, Maryland: New Word City, 2016.

ISBN: 978-1640193147

Pinsky, Robert. The Inferno of Dante. Bilingual Edition. Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 1997.

ISBN: 978-0374524524 This book is available in an electronic version.

Italy Reader, second edition (2021).

Virgil, *Aeneid*. Trans. Robert Fagles. Penguin Classics, 2008. This book is available in electronic versions. ISBN: 0143105132 or 978-0143105138

Wiesenthal, Simon. *The Sunflower: On the Possibilities and Limits of Forgiveness*. New York: Schocken Books, 1998. ISBN 978-0805210606 This book is available in an electronic version.

Wilkins, David G. Art Past Art Present. 6th edition. Prentice Hall, 2009. ISBN: 978-0132357166

Small sketchbook/journal. You will need a <u>small</u> sketchbook/journal that you can easily carry around. Decide whether you want to work on lined, unlined, or grid pages. You will be making visual and verbal sketches of art and sights we visit in Italy.

For your reference, many art history and other useful texts have been placed on reserve at the circulation in McCartney Library. These are listed on eLearning under Handouts in a document entitled, "HUM 301 Supplementary Resources on Reserve in McCartney Library."

Students with Disabilities Geneva College values diversity and inclusion and recognizes disabilities as an aspect of diversity. Our shared goal is to create learning environments that are accessible, equitable, and inclusive, ultimately leading to the success of our students in and beyond college. Therefore, Geneva College complies with the ADAAA as well as Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, by affording reasonable accommodations to qualified students with disabilities. Any student with a disability who needs academic accommodations should contact Geneva's Student Success Center (SSC) to arrange a confidential appointment with the director of the SSC before or during the first week of classes. (Some accommodations may take time to put into place, so it is advised to request this as early as possible.) Legally, no retroactive accommodations can be provided. Accommodations for disabilities are available only as recommended by the SSC. Students whose accommodations are approved will be provided confidential letters which students should review and discuss with their professors in relation to particular course requirements. For more details, visit the SSC's website [https://www.geneva.edu/student-life/services/ssc/], call 724.847.5005, or stop by the office which is located on the second floor of the Student Center. Students who have questions about their right to benefits or have grievances under these statutes should contact the SSC's director.

Turnitin.com Students will submit papers electronically to Turnitin.com. Cover pages are unnecessary as are lines that include the student's name and date of the assignment. Essays must be submitted to Turnitin.com prior to the assignment deadline.

Late submissions will be penalized as follows: up to 24 hours late, one letter grade will be deducted. If an assignment is posted 24-48 hours late, the student will earn no higher than a C. Assignments submitted more than 48 hours after the due date/time will earn a zero.

Rubrics are attached to each assignment and the professor will provide feedback via the rubrics as well as through "bubble" comments in the essay as well as narrative comments. The professor will not, however, provide any comments (bubble or narrative) unless the student has read the comments on the essay submitted prior to the current piece.

Course participants must register at Turnitin.com. Here's how:

- In the top banner of the home page, either click on the "Create Account" link and then follow the prompts to create an account, or login to your existing account using the "login" link next to the "Create Account" link.
- Register using the following information:

Class enrollment key = pizza Class ID# 37231725

As assignments are due, log onto Turnitin.com and submit your work under the correct assignment heading. Submitting your work is a <u>two-step process</u>, so be sure to complete the entire process (Upload and Confirm).

Academic Integrity Academic dishonesty undermines fundamental Christian principles and the sense of mutual trust essential to a community of higher learning. It also places at comparative disadvantage students who follow the rules. Academic dishonesty can take several forms, but normally it involves the following: copying someone's answers on a quiz or test or plagiarism.

While cheating on a test is something that everyone can identify as academic dishonesty, plagiarism is often more difficult for students to discern. Basically, plagiarism involves claiming that someone else's work is your own. It is a form of theft and is punishable by failure of an assignment or of the course. Plagiarism can involve lifting material from something someone else has written, such as a published book, article, or even a student paper without giving proper credit to the author. It is also dishonest to submit a paper written by someone else in whole or in part. Working with others in study groups or in the paper drafting process is not only acceptable but encouraged as long as you are refining ideas that are, essentially, yours. Give credit whenever you quote something or when you are using someone else's ideas, even if you have put them into your own words. Please ask the instructor to clarify issues of academic honesty when you are unsure if an action might constitute a violation.

Citing Sources of Information Use a standard, consistent format for citations (for example: APA, MLA, Chicago) so that the reader knows the source of information that is not originally yours. You must always cite a direct quotation, but please note that you should only quote directly when your own words cannot or should not do the job. Quote as a last, not a first, resort. Be certain to end your words with a citation that makes clear where you got the information. Consult with the professor if you have questions about citations.

Essay Formatting Essays should be typed, double-spaced, with standard font, margins, and page numbers. Papers should be carefully proofread to catch grammatical and structural errors. Because work is submitted to Turnitin.com, a cover page or even header with your name, date, class, etc. is unnecessary.

Policy on Mobile Phone, Computer, and Tablet Use To maintain the integrity of the classroom experience for all students and your professor, the use of mobile phones and/or other wireless technology during discussion sessions is discouraged unless the tool is being used for approved class purposes. This policy will be enforced as the professor deems most appropriate.

eLearning Materials related to this course (including weekly lectures, the syllabus, handouts, and other materials) are available on the course's eLearning site. The files will remain on the site through the end of the semester. The Announcements page appears as the default home page. On the left you will see links to the syllabus, lectures, handouts, and bookmarks.

Course Schedule

The following is the intended schedule of topics, readings, activities, and assignments for the course. Please be advised that the instructor reserves the right to alter the plan should he find it necessary. Students will receive timely notification of changes.

Week of 9 January: Preparing for the Adventure

Monday, 9 January: Welcome!

Syllabus review and information about the course—and we'll begin to learn some Italian words!

Duolingo: be sure to sign up for Duolingo and get started. See the Duolingo section above.

Wednesday, 11 January: The Italian Language

So that you can begin to learn the basics of the Italian language, watch and practice <u>"Italian Alphabet Pronunciation"</u> (7 minutes). Also watch <u>"Italian Words You've Been Getting Wrong"</u> (8 minutes).

Note: For all hyperlinked materials in the Course Schedule, you may click on the underlined text in the electronic syllabus or find the link posted on eLearning under the Bookmarks link on the left side of the class page.

Week of 13-20 January: Introduction: Experiencing Beauty

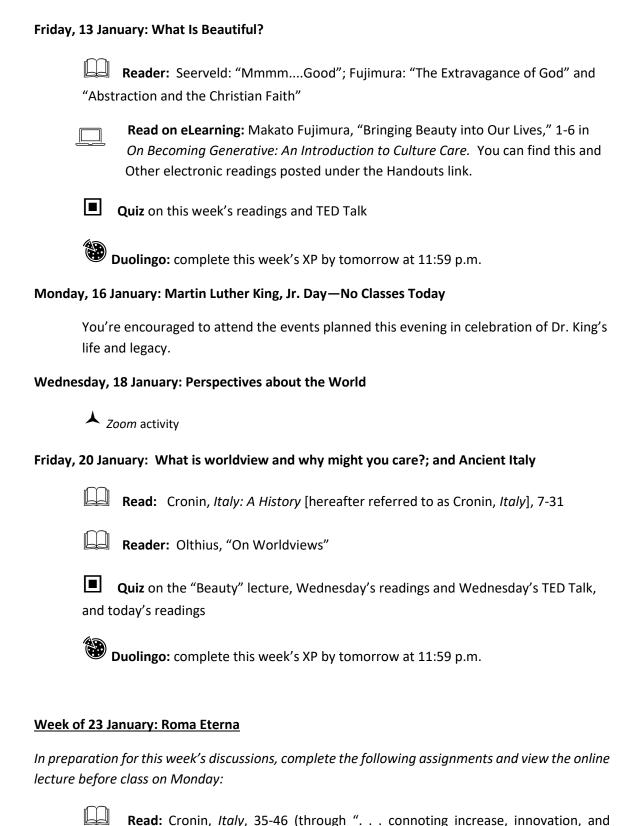
In preparation for our in-class discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class this Friday:

What is Beauty? What is Beautiful?

Read: Art Past Art Present, 72-91 and 104-107

Watch the following TED Talk: Richard Seymour: "How Beauty Feels" (17 minutes)

• **Journal:** As you watch and listen, think about what you believe Seymour suggests is beautiful and what beauty is. Respond in writing to the following questions: Do you agree or disagree with Seymour? What is the most intriguing statement he makes? Why?



reverence.")

₩ R	eader: Cicero, "Justifying the Assassination of Julius Caesar"
(21 minutes	atch the TED talk entitled, <u>"Rome Antics"</u> by author and illustrator David Macaulay utes) and the TED-Ed videos <u>"A Glimpse of Teenage Life in Ancient Rome"</u> (6), <u>"Four Sisters in Ancient Rome"</u> (8 minutes), <u>"Who Were the Vestal Virgins and as Their Job?"</u> (4 minutes), and <u>"The Great Conspiracy Against Julius Caesar"</u> (6)
;	Journal: As you watch and listen to the "Rome Antics" video, notice how Macaulay sees Rome and sketches it. What thoughts do his comments prompt about the different ways you might see and sketch Rome? Where the other videos are concerned, consider what you might see in Rome today—things that might be left from the ancient era. Note at least three of these in your journal.

Monday, 23 January: The Founding of Rome as Told by Virgil

Read: The Aeneid (portions of the introduction), 1-3, 11-17, and 24-27

• Watch the TED-Ed videos entitled, <u>"Why Should You Read Virgil's Aeneid?"</u> (5 minutes) and <u>"Did Ancient Troy Really Exist?"</u> (Although this video only mentions Homer's *Iliad*, Virgil's *Aeneid* is rooted in the story of Troy.)

Write an entry about these two questions in your journal. Together, the "Rome Antics" response and the response to the other videos comprise one entry.

Quiz on lecture readings and pre-class TED Talks and Ted-Ed videos, but not the TED-Ed Talks or readings for today

Wednesday, 25 January: The Founding of Rome as Told by Virgil (continued)

Read: The Aeneid, chapters 1-2

Friday, 27 January: The Founding of Rome as Told by Virgil (continued)

Read: The Aeneid, chapters 4 and 6

Quiz on this week's lecture, Monday's readings and TED-Ed videos, and Wednesday's and Friday's readings



Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 30 January: Imperial Rome

In preparation for this week's discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class on Monday:

From Republic to Empire

Read: Cronin, Italy, 46 (start with "Augustus, a statesman not a soldier. . .")-70 (". . . but it did not end inflation."); Art Past, Art Present, 136-137

Watch the TED-Ed talks entitled, "History vs. Augustus" (5 minutes) and "How the Romans Flooded the Colosseum for Sea Battles" (4 minutes)

Monday, 30 January: The Founding of Rome as Told by Virgil (continued)

Read: The Aeneid, chapters 7 and 9

Quiz on lecture readings and two TedEd videos

Wednesday, 1 February: The Founding of Rome as Told by Virgil (continued)

Read: The Aeneid, chapter 10

Friday, 3 February: The Founding of Rome as Told by Virgil (continued)

Read: The Aeneid, chapter 12

Quiz on this week's lecture and Aeneid readings

Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 6 February: The Coming of Christianity

In preparation for this week's discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class on Monday:

Art, Architecture, and the Early Church

Read: Cronin, <i>Italy</i> , 70 (begin "By now, Christianity had spread widely")-84; 87-103; <i>Art Past Art Present</i> , 143-145 (end at " to emphasize his humanity."), 147 (start at the "Art of the Christian Church" heading)-150 (skip p. 149); 154-157; 162-169
Monday, 6 February: Augustine & Justin Martyr
Reader: Excerpts from Augustine's The City of God
Read on eLearning: Justin Martyr, "Selections"
Quiz on lecture readings
Wednesday, 8 February: On Humanism
Reader: In anticipation of next week's content, read Petrarch, Bruni, and Pico della Mirandola's works on humanism.
Read on eLearning: Pico della Mirandola: "Oration on the Dignity of Man"
Quiz on this week's lecture and Monday's and today's readings
Friday, 10 February: Digital Gallery Meetings—No Class Today
Digital Gallery groups will meet during class time to discuss their plans in preparation for sending Dr. Cole a brief email with their project proposal by the end of class time today. The proposal should include: a one to three sentence topic description and the names of the group members.
Watch the Khan Academy video about Leonardo da Vinci's "Last Supper" (8 minutes). The narrators do a nice job of placing the piece in context and then explaining the work of art. (Unfortunately, our travels will not take us to Milan to see this important work.) Also watch Dr. Cole's video explanation of Martini & Memmi's "The Annunciation" (located under the "Resources" tab in eLearning; 8 minutes), and the TED talk entitled, "Finding the Story Inside the Painting" (14 minutes). These videos might prompt you to think differently about and give you ideas for your Digital Gallery work and your docent assignment.
Saturday, 11 February
Worldview Reflection Essay due on <i>The Aeneid</i> due on Turnitin.com by 11:59 p.m.
Duolingo: complete this week's XP by today at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 13 February: From the Middle Ages to the Renaissance

In preparation for this week's discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class on Monday:

Dante and Medieval Culture

Read: Cronin, *Italy*, 107-125; *Art Past Art Present*, 170-171, 182-189, 204-211, and 220-223

Reader: St. Jerome, "The Fate of Rome"; St. Francis, Sayings & Quotations

• Watch the TED-Ed talk entitled, <u>"Why Should You Read Dante's Divine Comedy?"</u> (5 minutes)

Monday, 13 February: Dante's Inferno

Read: Inferno, canto 1

Quiz on this week's lecture readings

Wednesday, 15 February: Dante's Inferno

Read: Inferno, cantos 2-3

Friday, 17 February: Dante's Inferno

Read: Inferno, cantos 4-7

Quiz on this week's lecture, the video, and Inferno readings

Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 20 February: Dante's Inferno (continued)

There is no lecture this week.

Monday, 20 February: Dante's Inferno

Read: Inferno, cantos 11-14
Wednesday, 22 February: Dante's Inferno
Read: Inferno, cantos 16-19
Friday, 24 February: Dante's <i>Inferno</i>
Read: Inferno, cantos 20-23
Quiz on this week's Inferno readings
Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.
Week of 27 February: Dante's Inferno (continued)
There is no lecture this week.
Monday, 27 February: Dante's <i>Inferno</i>
Read: Inferno, cantos 26 and 31
Wednesday, 1 March
Read: Inferno, cantos 32-33
Friday, 3 March: Dante's Inferno Conclusion & Catch-up Day
Read: Canto 34 and any others assigned to complete our discussion of the work
Quiz on this week's <i>Inferno</i> readings
Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

4-13 March: Spring Break

Week of 13 March: From the Middle Ages to the Renaissance: A New Worldview

In preparation for this week's discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class on Tuesday, March 14:

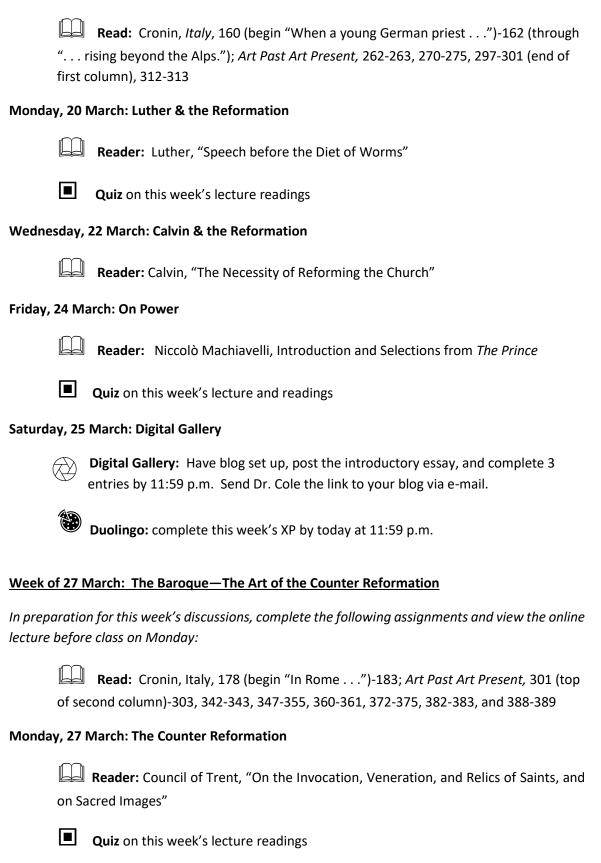
The Renaissance and High Renaissance in Rome

Read: Cronin, Italy, 129-149 and 153-160 (through " sanctioned by the emperors.") and 162 (begin "Leo was succeeded ")-165 (through " become dominant in Rome."); Art Past Art Present, 238-243, 247-257, 260-261, 266-269, 276-
277, 288-293, 297-301 (bottom of first column), 308-311, 316-317
Reader: Michelangelo, "When the Author was Painting the Vault of the Sistine Chapel"
Read on eLearning: St. Thomas Aquinas, "Seven Principles of the Spiritual Life"
Tuesday, 14 March: A Changing Mindset
,,
Reader: Hugo, "This Will Destroy That"
Wednesday, 15 March: On Popes, Princes, and Power
Reader: Pope Gregory VII, The Dictatus Papae; Pope Innocent III, "Royal Power
Derives Its Dignity from the Pontifical Authority"
Derives its Digitity from the Fontinear/technicity
Read: Art Past Art Present, 318-323, 334-335, and 336-367
Friday, 17 March: Digital Gallery Group Meetings
Digital Gallery: We'll have a quiz at the beginning of class today and then each group will meet with Dr. Cole to update him on their Digital Gallery progress.
Quiz on this week's lecture and this week's readings
Saturday, 18 March
Inferno Worldview Reflection Essay due on Turnitin.com by 11:59 p.m.
Duolingo: complete this week's XP by today at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 20 March: The Reformation

In preparation for this week's discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class on Monday:

The Reformation . . . and Response



Wednesday, 29 March: Baroque Art

Bring a work of Italian Baroque art or architecture to class (in printed or electronic form) and be prepared to identify its Baroque elements (that is, "What makes this a Baroque work is . . .") and explain its meaning to the class. You should know the creator, date(s) of creation, and location of the work or place.

Friday, 31 March: Vatican II

Reader: Vatican II, "Decree on the Media of Social Communications"

Quiz on this week's lecture and today's and Monday's readings

Saturday, 1 April

Digital Gallery: Post 3 additional entries by midnight

Duolingo: complete this week's XP by today at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 3 April: Venice/Baroque Music

This week's lecture, entitled, "Venice: The Canal City," is designed to introduce you to Venice. View the online lecture before class on Monday.

Read: Cronin, *Italy*, 165 (begin "The Renaissance that had started . . .")-173 (through ". . . Giroamo Fracastoro of Vernoa."), 176 (begin "Venice could not remain . . .")-178 (through ". . . criticized growing papal autocracy."), and 197 (begin "Of all the arts . . .")-198 (through ". . . of educated Europeans.")

Monday, 3 April: Italian Music of the Baroque Era

• Watch the following about music: Benjamin Zander, "The Transformative Power of Classical Music" (21 minutes) and "Why Should You Listen to Vivaldi's 'Four Seasons'?" (4 minutes)

Wednesday, 5 April: Italian Music of the Baroque Era (continued)

Quiz on this week's lecture and TED Talks

Thursday, 6 April

	Docent Essay due on Turnitin.com by 11:59 p.m.
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Friday, 7 April: Good Friday—No Classes



Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 12 April: The Enlightenment and Its Opponents & Romanticism

In preparation for this week's discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class on Wednesday:

Read: Cronin, Italy, 173 (begin "Fracastoro has a quaint title to fame . . .")- 176 (through ". . . cost Italy its intellectual primacy."), 198 (begin "Italy had entered a backwater . . .")-204; 207-237; Art Past, Art Present, 395-404, 418-423, 425-439, 440-441, 444-447, 456-457, 460-463, 472-475, 484-491

Monday, 10 April: Easter Monday—No Class

Wednesday, 12 April: New Currents in Thought

Reader: Marx, Introduction and *The Communist Manifesto* (excerpt); "Socialism and Communism Compared"

Quiz on this week's lecture readings

Friday, 14 April: Nietzsche and Darwin

Reader: Nietzsche, Introduction and "Parable of a Madman"; Darwin, Selections from *The Descent of Man*; in anticipation of next week: "An Introduction to Genocide and Simon Wiesenthal's *The Sunflower*"

Quiz on this week's lecture and discussion readings (but not the introduction to *The Sunflower*)



Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 17 April: Futurism, Fascism, World Wars, and Postmodernism

In preparation for this week's discussions, complete the following assignments and view the online lecture before class on Monday:

Read: Cronin, Italy, 241-261
• Watch the following: Rick Steves, <u>"The Story of Fascism in Europe"</u> (56 minutes)
Journal: As you watch and listen, answer these questions (separate these into
sections, please):
 List essential characteristics of Fascism (these are found throughout the video).
 What were the Fascists "for"? What were they against?
 After World War I, what conditions predominated in Italy (in other words, what were Italy's problems)?
O Why was Mussolini popular?
 Finally, write a one-paragraph response to this video: you might comment on why you think people were drawn in by Fascist ideas, what influence Fascism had on the world, and/or how or where you see some of these same ideas in society today.
Monday, 17 April: An Introduction to Postmodernism
Reader: "Postmodern Terms and Concepts" (located at the end of the reader)
Wednesday, 19 April: World-Altering Ideologies
Reader: Mussolini, "What Is Fascism?"; NAZI Party, "Twenty-Five Points";
Roosevelt & Churchill "Atlantic Charter": "The Barmen Declaration"

Thursday, 20 April: The Sunflower

Sunflower Worldview Reflection Essay due on Turnitin.com by 11:59 p.m.

Quiz on this week's lecture readings, the Rick Steves video, and today's readings

Friday, 21 April: The Sunflower

Discussion of Wiesenthal's *The Sunflower*. Arrive at class prepared to talk about the book's central themes. Also, everyone should bring three typed questions that you think

will promote discussion with your peers. You will turn in this sheet to Dr. Cole at the end of class today for a quiz grade.



Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

Week of 24 April: Postmodernism (continued)

Monday, 24 April: The Postmodern Short Story

Reader: Introduction to Borges Introduction and "The Book of Sand"

Tuesday, 25 April

Digital Gallery: Post the final three entries by 11:59 p.m.

Wednesday, 26 April: Italian Culture and Language & The Euro

Friday, 28 April: TBA

Duolingo: complete this week's XP by tomorrow at 11:59 p.m.

Monday, 1 May: Reading Day—No Classes

Thursday, 4 May, 10:30-12:20 p.m.: Digital Gallery Presentations

Docent Assignments

Rome	Student Docent	
Circus Maximus (and Roman circuses generally)	Evan Shale	

Pantheon (include the façade, structure outside,	Mattigan Burleigh		
dome, interior, and piazza)	Vince Delline		
San Giovanni in Laterano (obelisk, façade, and highlights of the interior—see Dr. Cole for list)	Vince DeNiro		
Ostia Antica: Roman theater (structure and	Becca Schaefer		
general information about Roman theater)	Deced Schaerer		
Capitoline Hill: stairs and piazza (including Marcus	Parker Chen		
Aurelius statue)	r diker enen		
- Automas statue)			
Florence			
Accademia Gallery: Michelangelo's David,	Parker Chen		
Unfinished Slaves, and Giambologna's Rape of the			
Sabines (can talk about the latter statue here or in			
the loggia near the Palazzo Vecchio)			
Ponte Vecchio and Ponte Santa Trinita	Carter Milroy		
Duomo: Brunelleschi's Dome and Giotto's	Karyne Kinger		
Campanile			
Baptistery: Ghiberti's doors and baptistery	Isabelle Sparr		
interior			
Uffizi Gallery: Botticelli's Birth of Venus and	Becca Schaefer		
Primavera			
Uffizi Gallery: Gentileschi's Judith Beheading	Vince DeNiro		
Holofernes (include a brief biography of			
Gentileschi)			
Uffizi Gallery: Michelangelo's Doni Tondo and	Kit Miller		
Leonardo da Vinci's The Annunciation			
Venice			
St. Mark's Basilica (exterior and overview of	Ben Wiegers		
interior)	Evan Shale		
Peggy Guggenheim Collection: Picasso's On the Beach	Evali Stiale		
Peggy Guggenheim Collection: choose one of the	Isabelle Sparr		
Jackson Pollock works on view (check website)	isasene opan		
the state of the s			
Vatican City			
Vatican City Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens	Ben Wiegers		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens	Ben Wiegers Mattigan Burleigh		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's <i>School of Athens</i> Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's <i>Sphere Within a</i>	Ben Wiegers Mattigan Burleigh		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön			
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and	Mattigan Burleigh		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and ceiling	Mattigan Burleigh		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and	Mattigan Burleigh Katie Stoneback		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and ceiling St. Peter's Basilica (overview), Dome of St. Peter's, Piazza San Pietro	Mattigan Burleigh Katie Stoneback		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and ceiling St. Peter's Basilica (overview), Dome of St. Peter's,	Mattigan Burleigh Katie Stoneback Ben Meese		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and ceiling St. Peter's Basilica (overview), Dome of St. Peter's, Piazza San Pietro St. Peter's Basilica: Baldacchino, Cathedra Petri,	Mattigan Burleigh Katie Stoneback Ben Meese		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and ceiling St. Peter's Basilica (overview), Dome of St. Peter's, Piazza San Pietro St. Peter's Basilica: Baldacchino, Cathedra Petri,	Mattigan Burleigh Katie Stoneback Ben Meese Ian Tweed		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and ceiling St. Peter's Basilica (overview), Dome of St. Peter's, Piazza San Pietro St. Peter's Basilica: Baldacchino, Cathedra Petri, and tomb of Pope Alexander VII	Mattigan Burleigh Katie Stoneback Ben Meese Ian Tweed		
Vatican Museum: Raphael's School of Athens Vatican Museum: Pomodoro's Sphere Within a Sphere and Laocoön Sistine Chapel: Michelangelo's Last Judgment and ceiling St. Peter's Basilica (overview), Dome of St. Peter's, Piazza San Pietro St. Peter's Basilica: Baldacchino, Cathedra Petri, and tomb of Pope Alexander VII	Mattigan Burleigh Katie Stoneback Ben Meese Ian Tweed Continued on the next page		

Borghese Gallery: Bernini's Aeneas and Anchises, Rape of Proserpine, Apollo & Daphne, and David	Carter Milroy
Borghese Gallery: Caravaggio's St. Jerome and David with the Head of Goliath; Titan's Sacred & Profane Love	Caleb Willis
San Luigi dei Francesi, Contarelli Chapel: Calling of St. Matthew	Carter Krummel
San Luigi dei Francesi, Contarelli Chapel: Martyrdom of St. Matthew and Inspiration of St. Matthew	lan Tweed
Piazza Navona: Four Rivers Fountain	Karyne Kinger
Trevi Fountain	Ben Meese

Evaluation Rubric for Journals

	Below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Excellent	Points
	0 Points	1 Points	3 Points	5 Points	Earned
Content	Entries are	Entries reflect	Entries reflect	Entries reflect	
(with a focus on	missing or not	occasional	some evidence of	extensive	
higher-order	insightful; no	evidence of	higher-order	evidence of	
critical thinking*)	evidence of	higher-order	critical thinking	higher-order	X7
	higher-order	critical thinking		critical thinking	
	critical thinking				
Reflection	No other	Connections to	Alludes to	Develops	
	descriptors apply	important	important ideas,	meaningful	
		ideas unclear	supported by	connections to	
		and/or	general	important	X5
		unsupported	information	ideas with specific	
				details	
Mechanics	None of the	Few of the entries	Most of my	All or almost all of	
	entries use	use correct	entries use correct	the entries use	
	correct spelling	spelling and	spelling and	correct spelling	
	and grammar	grammar	grammar	and grammar	
					X2
Completion	More than 4	Some entries are	Most entries are	All entries	
	entries are	completed (3-4 are	completed (1-2	completed	X6
	missing	missing)	missing)		
				Total =	

^{*} The term "higher order critical thinking" refers to the cognitive domain of Bloom's Taxonomy (1956, 2000). The elements, from lowest to highest, are: **Remembering:** recall or retrieve previously-learned information; **Understanding:** comprehend the meaning, translation, interpolation, and interpretation of instructions. State a problem in one's own words; **Applying:** using a concept in a new situation or the unprompted use of an abstraction. Applies what was learned in the classroom in "real life."; **Analyzing:** separates material or concepts into component parts so that its organizational structure may be understood. Distinguishes between facts and inferences.; **Evaluating:** make judgments about the value of ideas or things.; **Creating:** builds a structure or pattern from diverse elements. Puts parts together to form a whole, with emphasis on creating a new meaning or structure.

	Below Basic 4 Points	Basic 6 Points	Proficient 8 Points	Excellent 10 Points	Points Earned
Blog:	Fails to	Communicates	Communicates	Communicates	Larned
Topic	communicate the	information, but	information	sophisticated	
Development	topic on a level	may be vague or	accurately and	information as	
Development	expected for a	not quite up to the	presents adequate	expected for a	
				300-level college	
	300-level college humanities	level expected for	commentary	humanities course	
		a 300-level college	appropriate for a		
	course	humanities course	300-level college	and employs	
D.I		TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY O	humanities course	scholarly support	
Blog:	The topic is not	The topic is not	The topic is	The topic is	
Content	explained,	adequately	adequately	thoroughly	
	described, or	explained,	explained,	explained,	
	supported by	described, and	described, and	described, and	
	details &	supported by valid	supported by valid	supported by valid	
	examples	details & examples	details &	details &	
			examples	examples	
Blog:	Extensive errors	There are many	There are several	There are few (or	
Grammar,	in grammar,	errors in grammar,	errors in grammar,	no) errors in	
Usage &	spelling, and	spelling, and	spelling, and	grammar, spelling,	
Mechanics	punctuation;	punctuation	punctuation	and punctuation	
	obscure meaning		_	_	
	Below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Excellent	
	2 Points	3 Points	4 Points	5 Points	
Blog:	Design is sloppy	Design is	Design is pleasing	Design is pleasing	
Design	and/or competes	distracting and not	to the eye, but	to the eye and	
	with the content;	clean and neat;	occasionally	does not compete	
	difficult to	difficult to	competes with the	with the blog's	
	navigate	navigate	content; could be	content; clean and	
	navigate	navigate	cleaner and neater;	neat; navigation is	
			easy to navigate	intuitive	
Blog:	Little creativity;	Some appealing	Interesting	Highly creative;	
Creativity		aspects; includes	features; visual	features	
Creativity	seems plain; not	an informational	illustrations and		
	enough visual			appropriate	
	content	homepage and	content are unique	illustrative images	
	(illustrations) or	appropriate		and information	
	poor visual	images;			
	content	demonstrates			
n		partial creativity			
Presentation:	Audience could	Audience had	Presented	Presented	
Organization &	not understand	difficulty	information in a	information in a	
Preparation	presentation	following the	logical sequence	logical, interesting	
	because there was	presentation	which the	sequence which	
	no logical	because the	audience could	the audience could	
	sequence of	presentation	follow; the group	follow; the group	
	information; the	seemed	was prepared; the	was prepared and	
	group was not	disorganized; the	presentation	organized	
	ready to present	group was not	lacked some		
		ready to present	organization		
Presentation:	Group members	Group members	Group members	Students	
Content	did not have a	seemed	were at ease with	demonstrated full	
Knowledge	grasp of project	uncomfortable	content and able to	knowledge with	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	information;	with the	answer	explanations and	
	could not answer	information	rudimentary	elaboration	
	- July Hot allowel		-		I
	questions about		questions		
	questions about the topic		questions		

Evaluation Rubric for the Docent Project

	Below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Excellent	Points
	5 Points	7 Points	9 Points	11 Points	Earned
Presentation:	Failed to	Communicated	Communicated	Communicated	
General	communicate the	information, but	information	sophisticated	
	topic on a level	may have been	accurately and	information as	
	expected for a	vague or not quite	presented	expected for a	
	300-level college	up to the level	adequate	300-level college	
	humanities	expected for a	commentary	humanities course	
	course	300-level college	appropriate for a		
		humanities course	300-level college		
			humanities course		
Presentation:	Audience could	Audience had	Presented	Presented	
Organization &	not understand	difficulty following	information in a	information in a	
Preparation	presentation	the presentation	logical sequence	logical, interesting	
	because there	because the	which the	sequence which	
	was no logical	presentation	audience could	the audience	
	sequence of	seemed	follow; the	could follow; the	
	information; the	disorganized; the	student was	student was	
	student was not	student was not	prepared, but the	prepared and	
	ready to present	ready to present	presentation	organized	
			lacked (some)		
			organization		
Presentation:	Student did not	Student seemed	Student was at	Student	
Content	have a grasp of	uncomfortable	ease with the	demonstrated full	
Knowledge	project	with the	content and able	knowledge with	
	information;	information	to answer	explanations and	
	could not answer		rudimentary	elaboration	
	questions about		questions		
	the topic				
Essay (evaluated according to the standards set forth in the "Written Work" section of the syllabus)					
				Total x 3 + 1 =	